UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS HOUSTON DIVISION

ABDULAZIZ A. ELKISH,

CIVIL COMPLAINT

Plaintiff,

CASE NO. 4:21-cv-02456

PROCOLLECT, INC.,

v.

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Defendant.

COMPLAINT

NOW comes ABDULAZIZ A. ELKISH ("Plaintiff"), by and through the undersigned attorneys, complaining as to the conduct of PROCOLLECT, INC. ("Defendant"), as follows:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. Plaintiff brings this action for damages pursuant to the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act ("FDCPA") under 15 U.S.C. §1692 *et seq.*, the Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA") under 47 U.S.C. §227 *et seq.*, and the Texas Debt Collection Act ("TDCA") under Tex. Fin. Code Ann. § 392 *et seq.*, for Defendant's unlawful conduct.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

2. This action arises under and is brought pursuant to the FDCPA and TCPA. Subject matter jurisdiction is conferred upon this Court by 15 U.S.C §1692, 47 U.S.C §227, 28 U.S.C. §\$1331 and 1337, as the action arises under the laws of the United States. Supplemental jurisdiction exists for the state law claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367.

3. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391 as Defendant conducts business in the Southern District of Texas and a substantial portion the events or omissions giving rise to the claims occurred within the Southern District of Texas.

PARTIES

- 4. Plaintiff is a consumer over 18 years-of-age residing in Houston, Texas, which is located within the Southern District of Texas.
 - 5. Plaintiff is a "person," as defined by 47 U.S.C. §153(39).
- 6. Defendant boasts itself as "one of the nation's premier debt collection agencies[.]" Defendant is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Texas with its principal place of business located at 12170 Abrams Road, Suite 100, Dallas, Texas 75243. Defendant engages in collection activities in several different states, including the State of Texas.
 - 7. Defendant is a "person" as defined by 47 U.S.C. §153(39).
- 8. Defendant acted through its agents, employees, officers, members, directors, heirs, successors, assigns, principals, trustees, sureties, subrogees, representatives and insurers at all times relevant to the instant action.

FACTS SUPPORTING CAUSES OF ACTION

- 9. The instant action stems from Defendant's attempts to collect upon a defaulted residential lease ("subject debt") that Plaintiff purportedly owes.
- 10. Around early 2021, Plaintiff began receiving calls to his cellular phone, (832) XXX-9625, from Defendant.

2

¹ https://procollect.com/

- 11. At all times relevant to the instant action, Plaintiff was the sole subscriber, owner, and operator of the cellular phone ending in -9625. Plaintiff is and always has been financially responsible for the cellular phone and its services.
- 12. Defendant has used several numbers when placing collection calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone, including but not limited to: (214) 341-7788 and (214) 382-4871.
- 13. Upon information and belief, the above referenced phone numbers are regularly utilized by Defendant during its debt collection activity.
- 14. Defendant used pre-recorded messages when placing collection calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone.
- 15. Plaintiff, through his contacts with Defendant, was informed that Defendant was acting as a debt collector attempting to collect upon the subject debt.
- 16. Defendant's harassing collection campaign caused Plaintiff to demand that Defendant stop contacting him.
- 17. Despite Plaintiff's demands, Defendant continued to place phone calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone seeking collection of the subject debt through the filing of the instant action.
- 18. Plaintiff has received not less than 25 phone calls from Defendant since asking it to stop calling.
- 19. Frustrated over Defendant's conduct, Plaintiff spoke with his attorneys regarding his rights, resulting in expenses.
 - 20. Plaintiff has been unfairly and unnecessarily harassed by Defendant's actions.
- 21. Plaintiff has suffered concrete harm as a result of Defendant's actions, including but not limited to, invasion of privacy, aggravation that accompanies collection telephone calls, emotional distress, increased risk of personal injury resulting from the distraction caused by the

never-ending calls, increased usage of his telephone services, loss of cellular phone capacity, diminished cellular phone functionality, decreased battery life on his cellular phone, and diminished space for data storage on his cellular phone.

COUNT I – VIOLATIONS OF THE FAIR DEBT COLLECTION PRACTICES ACT

- 22. Plaintiff repeats and realleges paragraphs 1 through 21 as though full set forth herein.
- 23. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined by 15 U.S.C. §1692a(3) of the FDCPA.
- 24. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by §1692a(6) of the FDCPA, because it regularly use the mail and/or the telephone to collect, or attempt to collect, delinquent consumer accounts.
- 25. Defendant identifies itself as a debt collector, and is engaged in the business of collecting or attempting to collect, directly or indirectly, defaulted debts owed or due or asserted to be owed or due to others.
- 26. The subject debt is a "debt" as defined by FDCPA §1692a(5) as it arises out of a transaction due or asserted to be owed or due to another for personal, family, or household purposes.

a. Violations of FDCPA §1692c and §1692d

- 27. The FDCPA, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692d, prohibits a debt collector from engaging "in any conduct the natural consequence of which is to harass, oppress, or abuse any person in connection with the collection of a debt." §1692d(5) further prohibits, "causing a telephone to ring or engaging any person in telephone conversation repeatedly or continuously with intent to annoy, abuse, or harass any person at the called number."
- 28. Defendant violated §1692c(a)(1), d, and d(5) when it repeatedly called Plaintiff after being notified to stop. Defendant called Plaintiff at least 25 times after he demanded that it stop calling. This repeated behavior of systematically calling Plaintiff's phone in spite of his demands was

harassing and abusive. The frequency and volume of calls shows that Defendant willfully ignored Plaintiff's pleas with the goal of annoying and harassing Plaintiff.

29. Defendant was notified by Plaintiff that its calls were not welcomed. As such, Defendant knew that its conduct was inconvenient and harassing to Plaintiff.

b. Violations of FDCPA § 1692e

- 30. The FDCPA, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692e, prohibits a debt collector from using "any false, deceptive, or misleading representation or means in connection with the collection of any debt."
 - 31. In addition, this section enumerates specific violations, such as:

"The use of any false representation or deceptive means to collect or attempt to collect any debt or to obtain information concerning a consumer." 15 U.S.C. §1692e(10).

32. Defendant violated §1692e and e(10) when it used deceptive means to collect and/or attempt to collect the subject debt. In spite of the fact that Plaintiff demanded that it stop contacting him, Defendant continued to contact Plaintiff via automated calls. Instead of putting an end to this harassing behavior, Defendant systematically placed calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone in a deceptive attempt to force him to answer its calls and ultimately make a payment. Through its conduct, Defendant misleadingly represented to Plaintiff that it had the legal ability to contact him via an automated system when it no longer had consent to do so.

c. Violations of FDCPA § 1692f

- 33. The FDCPA, pursuant to 15 U.S.C. §1692f, prohibits a debt collector from using "unfair or unconscionable means to collect or attempt to collect any debt."
- 34. Defendant violated §1692f when it unfairly and unconscionably attempted to collect on a debt by continuously calling Plaintiff at least 25 times after being notified to stop. Attempting to coerce Plaintiff into payment by placing voluminous phone calls without his permission is unfair

and unconscionable behavior. These means employed by Defendant only served to worry and confuse Plaintiff.

35. As pled in paragraphs 19 through 21, Plaintiff has been harmed and suffered damages as a result of Defendant's illegal actions.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, ABDULAZIZ A. ELKISH, respectfully requests that this Honorable Court enter judgment in his favor as follows:

- a. Declaring that the practices complained of herein are unlawful and violate the aforementioned bodies of law;
- b. Awarding Plaintiff statutory damages of \$1,000.00 as provided under 15 U.S.C. \$1692k(a)(2)(A);
- c. Awarding Plaintiff actual damages, in an amount to be determined at trial, as provided under 15 U.S.C. §1692k(a)(1);
- d. Awarding Plaintiff costs and reasonable attorney fees as provided under 15 U.S.C. §1692k(a)(3);
- e. Enjoining Defendant from further contacting Plaintiff seeking payment of the subject debt; and
- f. Awarding any other relief as this Honorable Court deems just and appropriate.

COUNT II – VIOLATIONS OF THE TELEPHONE CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

- 36. Plaintiff repeats and realleges paragraphs 1 through 35 as though fully set forth herein.
- 37. The TCPA, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(iii), prohibits calling persons on their cellular phone using an automatic telephone dialing system ("ATDS") *or* pre-recorded messages without their consent. The TCPA, under 47 U.S.C. § 227(a)(1), defines an ATDS as "equipment which has the capacity...to store or produce telephone numbers to be called, using a random or sequential number generator; and to dial such numbers."

- 38. Defendant used pre-recorded messages when placing calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone, thus bringing its calls within the ambit of the TCPA.
- 39. Defendant violated the TCPA by placing at least 25 phone calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone using pre-recorded messages without his consent. Any consent that Plaintiff *may* have given to the originator of the subject debt, which Defendant will likely assert transferred down, was specifically revoked by Plaintiff's demands that it cease contacting him.
- 40. The calls placed by Defendant to Plaintiff were regarding collection activity and not for emergency purposes as defined by the TCPA under 47 U.S.C. §227(b)(1)(A)(i).
- 41. Under the TCPA, pursuant to 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(B), Defendant is liable to Plaintiff for at least \$500.00 per call. Moreover, Defendant's willful and knowing violations of the TCPA should trigger this Honorable Court's ability to triple the damages to which Plaintiff is otherwise entitled to under 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3)(C).

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, ABDULAZIZ A. ELKISH, respectfully requests that this Honorable Court enter judgment in his favor as follows:

- a. Declaring that the practices complained of herein are unlawful and violate the aforementioned statutes and regulations;
- b. Awarding Plaintiff damages of at least \$500.00 per phone call and treble damages pursuant to 47 U.S.C. §§ 227(b)(3)(B)&(C);
- c. Awarding Plaintiff costs and reasonable attorney fees;
- d. Enjoining Defendant from further contacting Plaintiff seeking payment of the subject debt; and
- e. Awarding any other relief as this Honorable Court deems just and appropriate.

COUNT III - VIOLATIONS OF THE TEXAS DEBT COLLECTION ACT

42. Plaintiff restates and realleges paragraphs 1 through 41 as though fully set forth herein.

- 43. Plaintiff is a "consumer" as defined by Tex. Fin. Code Ann. § 392.001(1).
- 44. Defendant is a "[t]hird-party debt collector" as defined by Tex. Fin. Code Ann. § 392.001 (7).
- 45. The subject debt is a "consumer debt" as defined by Tex. Fin. Code Ann. § 392.001(2) as it is an obligation, or alleged obligation, arising from a transaction for personal, family, or household purposes.

a. Violations of TDCA § 392.302

- 46. The TDCA, pursuant to Tex. Fin. Code Ann. § 392.302(4), states that "a debt collector may not oppress, harass, or abuse a person by causing a telephone to ring repeatedly or continuously, or making repeated or continuous telephone calls, with the intent to harass a person at the called number."
- 47. Defendant violated the TDCA when it continued to call Plaintiff's cellular phone at least 20 times after he notified it to stop calling. The repeated contacts were made with the hope that Plaintiff would succumb to the harassing behavior and ultimately submit a payment. Rather than understanding Plaintiff's situation and abiding by his wishes, Defendant continued in its harassing campaign of phone calls in hopes of extracting payment.
- 48. Upon being told to stop calling, Defendant had ample reason to be aware that it should not continue its harassing calling campaign. Yet, Defendant consciously chose to continue placing systematic calls to Plaintiff's cellular phone knowing that its conduct was unwelcome.

b. Violations of TDCA § 392.304

49. The TDCA, pursuant to Tex. Fin. Code Ann. § 392.304(19) prohibits a debt collector from "using any . . . false representation or deceptive means to collect a debt or obtain information concerning a consumer."

50. Defendant violated the TDCA through the implicit misrepresentations made on phone calls placed to Plaintiff's cellular phone. Through its conduct, Defendant misleadingly represented to Plaintiff that it had the lawful ability to continue contacting his cellular phone using an automated system absent his consent. Such lawful ability was revoked upon Plaintiff demanding that Defendant stop calling his cellular phone, illustrating the deceptive nature of Defendant's conduct.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, ABDULAZIZ A. ELKISH, respectfully requests that this Honorable Court enter judgment in his favor as follows:

- a. Declaring that the practices complained of herein are unlawful and violate the aforementioned statutes and regulations;
- b. Entitling Plaintiff to injunctive relief pursuant to Tex. Fin. Code Ann. § 392.403(a)(1).
- c. Awarding Plaintiff actual damages, pursuant to Tex. Fin. Code Ann. § 392.403(a)(2).
- d. Awarding Plaintiff punitive damages, in an amount to be determined at trial, for the underlying violations;
- e. Awarding Plaintiff costs and reasonable attorney fees, pursuant to Tex. Fin. Code Ann. § 392.403(b);
- f. Enjoining Defendant from further contacting Plaintiff seeking payment of the subject debt; and
- g. Awarding any other relief as this Honorable Court deems just and appropriate.

Dated: July 28, 2021

s/ Nathan C. Volheim

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Respectfully submitted,

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